

## *Basic aluminium sulphate : An X-ray diffraction study* 507

*Space group* : Following systematic absences of reflections were observed

$hkl$  : No conditions

$h k 0$  :  $h+k = 2n$

$0kl$  : No conditions

$hhl$  : No conditions

and therefore,  $P4/nmm$  was assigned as the probable space group.

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### REFERENCES

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## Preliminary X-ray data of Cu(II)-bis(glycocyanine)

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Glycocyanine or guamidoacetic acid is an important amino acid. Its functions in the biological system are wellknown. An X-ray study of the crystals of the copper complex of glycocyanine *i.e.*  $\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_2\text{CNHNHCH}_2\text{COO})_2$  has been undertaken. Preliminary data of this investigation is presented here

The compound was prepared by heating a solution of glycocyanine with freshly prepared basic copper carbonate in stoichiometric ratio. The resultant solution was evaporated slowly and the copper complex of glycocyanine crystallized in deep blue plates. The crystals cleaved fairly well along (010) and (001) which were along the face diagonals of the plates. They were quite stable at ordinary temperature and humidity.

Rotation and Weissenberg photographs along  $a$  and  $b$  axes showed that the crystals belong to the monoclinic system with  $a = 13.44\text{\AA}$ ,  $b = 13.85\text{\AA}$   $c = 9.43\text{\AA}$

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and  $\beta = 95.0^\circ$ . The only systematic absences were for  $0k0$  with  $k$  odd and  $h0l$  for  $l$  odd, indicating that the space group is  $P2_1/c$ . Density of the crystals determined by the method of floatation in a mixture of bromoform and benzene was found to be 1.99 while that calculated for 8 formula units of  $\text{Cu}(\text{N}_3\text{C}_3\text{O}_2\text{H}_6)_2$  in the unit cell was 1.98. But the space group  $P2_1/c$  requires only 4 asymmetric units per unit cell. Therefore there are two molecules of the complex per asymmetric unit.

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